

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## AREA UNDER A CURVE Bell Work

Find the area between each curve and the  $x$ -axis for the given interval and subinterval using left sum, right sum, and middle sum.

1.  $y = x^4$  from  $x = -1$  to  $x = 0$ ,  $n = 8$

2.  $y = x^2 + 6x$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$ ,  $n = 8$

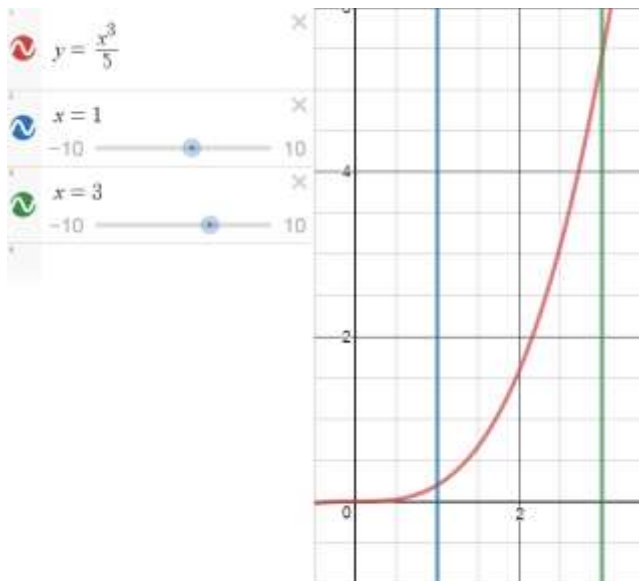
3.  $y = x^2 - x + 1$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 3$ ,  $n = 6$

# AREA UNDER A CURVE Bell Work

## ANSWER

Find the area between each curve and the  $x$ -axis for the given interval and subinterval using left sum, right sum, and middle sum.

1.  $y = x^4$  from  $x = -1$  to  $x = 0$ ,  $n = 8$



$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{0 - (-1)}{8}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{8}$$

### A. LEFT SUM

$$x_{n-1} = a + (n-1) \cdot \Delta x = -1 + (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)$$

$$x_{n-1} = -1 + \frac{n-1}{8} = -\frac{8}{8} + \frac{n-1}{8} = \frac{n-1-8}{8}$$

$$x_{n-1} = \frac{n-9}{8}$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = f\left(\frac{n-9}{8}\right) = \left(\frac{n-9}{8}\right)^4$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = \left(\frac{n-9}{8}\right)^4$$

$$A_n(\text{left sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f(x_{n-1})$$

$$A_8(\text{left sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{n-9}{8}\right)^4$$

$$A_8(\text{left sum}) = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{n-9}{8}\right)^4 = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{2193}{1024}\right)$$

$$A_8(\text{left sum}) = \frac{2193}{8192} = 0.2677$$

### B. RIGHT SUM

$$x_n = a + n \cdot \Delta x = -1 + n \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = -\frac{8}{8} + \frac{n}{8}$$

$$x_n = \frac{n-8}{8}$$

$$f(x_n) = f\left(\frac{n-8}{8}\right) = \left(\frac{n-8}{8}\right)^4$$

$$f(x_n) = \left(\frac{n-8}{8}\right)^4$$

$$A_n(\text{right sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f(x_n)$$

$$A_8(\text{right sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{n-8}{8}\right)^4$$

$$A_8(\text{right sum}) = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{n-8}{8}\right)^4 = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1169}{1024}\right)$$

$$A_8(\text{right sum}) = \frac{1169}{8192} = 0.1427$$

# AREA UNDER A CURVE Bell Work

## C. MIDDLE SUM

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{\frac{n-9}{8} + \frac{n-8}{8}}{2} = \frac{\frac{n-9+n-8}{8}}{2}$$

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{\frac{2n-17}{8}}{2} = \frac{2n-17}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{2n-17}{16}$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = f\left(\frac{2n-17}{16}\right) = \left(\frac{2n-17}{16}\right)^4$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{2n-17}{16}\right)^4$$

$$A_n(\text{middle sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right)$$

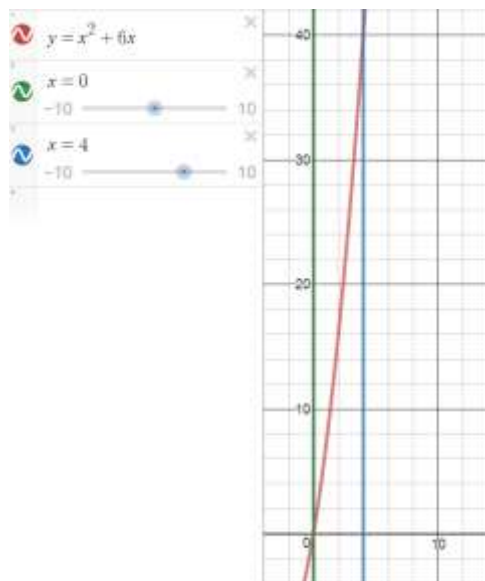
$$A_8(\text{middle sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{2n-17}{16}\right)^4$$

$$A_8(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{2n-17}{16}\right)^4$$

$$A_8(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{12937}{8192}\right)$$

$$A_8(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{12937}{65536} = 0.1974$$

2.  $y = x^2 + 6x$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$ ,  $n = 8$



$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{4-0}{8}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}$$

## A. LEFT SUM

$$x_{n-1} = a + (n-1) \cdot \Delta x = 0 + (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$x_{n-1} = \frac{n-1}{2}$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = f\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right)^2 + 6\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right)$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = \left(\frac{n^2 - 2n + 1}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{6n-6}{2}\right) \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = \left(\frac{n^2 - 2n + 1}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{12n-12}{4}\right)$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = \frac{n^2 + 10n - 11}{4}$$

$$A_n(\text{left sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f(x_{n-1})$$

$$A_8(\text{left sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{n^2 + 10n - 11}{4}\right)$$

$$A_8(\text{left sum}) = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{n=1}^8 (n^2 + 10n - 11) = \frac{1}{8} (476)$$

$$A_8(\text{left sum}) = \frac{119}{2} = 59.5$$

**AREA UNDER A CURVE** Bell Work**B. RIGHTSUM**

$$x_n = a + n \cdot \Delta x = 0 + n \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = x_n = \frac{n}{2}$$

$$f(x_n) = f\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^2 + 6\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$$

$$f(x_n) = \frac{n^2}{4} + \frac{6n}{2} = \frac{n^2}{4} + \frac{12n}{4}$$

$$f(x_n) = \frac{n^2 + 12n}{4}$$

$$A_n(\text{right sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f(x_n)$$

$$A_8(\text{right sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{n^2 + 12n}{4}\right)$$

$$A_8(\text{right sum}) = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{n=1}^8 (n^2 + 12n) = \frac{1}{8} (636)$$

$$A_8(\text{right sum}) = \frac{159}{2} = 79.5$$

**C. MIDDLE SUM**

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{\frac{n-1}{2} + \frac{n}{2}}{2} = \frac{n-1+n}{2}$$

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{\frac{2n-1}{2}}{2} = \frac{2n-1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{2n-1}{4}$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = f\left(\frac{2n-1}{4}\right)$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{2n-1}{4}\right)^2 + 6\left(\frac{2n-1}{4}\right)$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{4n^2 - 4n + 1}{16}\right) + \left(\frac{12n - 6}{4}\right)$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{4n^2 - 4n + 1}{16}\right) + \left(\frac{48n - 24}{4}\right)$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = \frac{4n^2 + 44n - 23}{16}$$

$$A_n(\text{middle sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right)$$

$$A_8(\text{middle sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^8 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{4n^2 + 44n - 23}{16}\right)$$

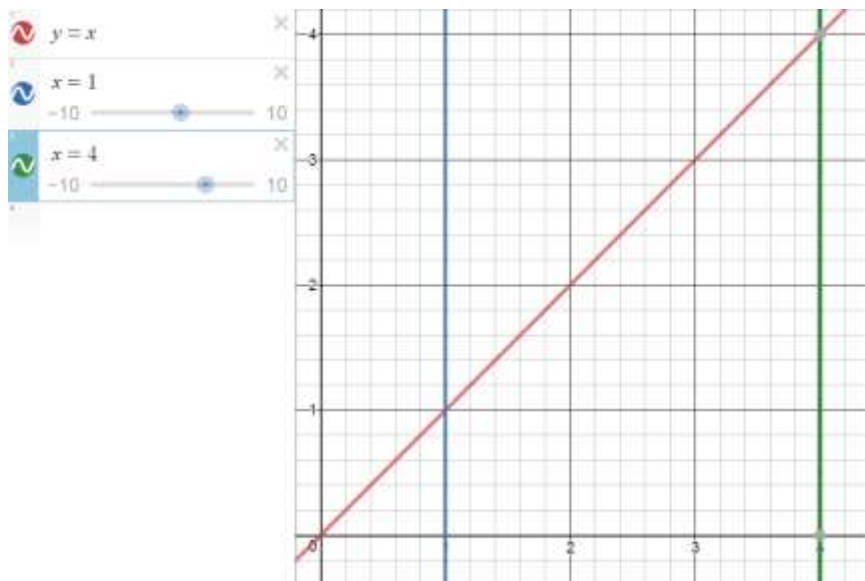
$$A_8(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{1}{32} \sum_{n=1}^8 (4n^2 + 44n - 23)$$

$$A_8(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{1}{32} (2216)$$

$$A_8(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{277}{4} = 69.25$$

# AREA UNDER A CURVE Bell Work

3.  $y = x^2 - x + 1$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 3$ ,  $n = 6$



$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{3-0}{6}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}$$

## A. LEFT SUM

$$x_{n-1} = a + (n-1) \cdot \Delta x = 0 + (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$x_{n-1} = \frac{n-1}{2}$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = f\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right) + 1$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = \left(\frac{n^2 - 2n + 1}{4}\right) - \left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{2}{2}\right) + 1\left(\frac{4}{4}\right)$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = \left(\frac{n^2 - 2n + 1}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{-2n + 2}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{4}\right)$$

$$f(x_{n-1}) = \frac{n^2 - 4n + 7}{4}$$

$$A_n(\text{left sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f(x_{n-1})$$

$$A_6(\text{left sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^6 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{n^2 - 4n + 7}{4}\right)$$

$$A_6(\text{left sum}) = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{n=1}^6 (n^2 - 4n + 7) = \frac{1}{8}(49)$$

$$A_6(\text{left sum}) = \frac{49}{8} = 6.125$$

## B. RIGHT SUM

$$x_n = a + n \cdot \Delta x = 0 + n \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{n}{2}$$

$$x_n = \frac{n}{2}$$

$$f(x_n) = f\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 1$$

$$f(x_n) = f\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) = \frac{n^2}{4} - \left(\frac{2n}{4}\right) + \frac{4}{4}$$

$$f(x_n) = \frac{n^2 - 2n + 4}{4}$$

$$A_n(\text{right sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f(x_n)$$

$$A_6(\text{right sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^6 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{n^2 - 2n + 4}{4}\right)$$

$$A_6(\text{right sum}) = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{n=1}^6 (n^2 - 2n + 4) = \frac{1}{8}(73)$$

$$A_6(\text{right sum}) = \frac{73}{8} = 9.125$$

**AREA UNDER A CURVE** Bell Work

## C. MIDDLE SUM

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{\frac{n-1}{2} + \frac{n}{2}}{2} = \frac{\frac{n-1+n}{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{\frac{2n-1}{2}}{2} = \frac{2n-1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2} = \frac{2n-1}{4}$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = f\left(\frac{2n-1}{4}\right)$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{2n-1}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{2n-1}{4}\right) + 1$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{4n^2 - 4n + 1}{16}\right) + \left(\frac{-8n + 4}{16}\right) + \frac{16}{16}$$

$$f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right) = \frac{4n^2 - 12n + 21}{16}$$

$$A_n(\text{middle sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^n \left(\frac{b-a}{n}\right) \cdot f\left(\frac{x_n + x_{n-1}}{2}\right)$$

$$A_6(\text{middle sum}) = \sum_{n=1}^6 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{4n^2 - 12n + 21}{16}\right)$$

$$A_6(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{1}{32} \sum_{n=1}^6 (4n^2 - 12n + 21)$$

$$A_6(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{1}{32} (238)$$

$$A_6(\text{middle sum}) = \frac{119}{16} = 7.4375$$