

**Adding and Subtracting Matrices** Assignment

Select the letter that best completes the statements below.

1.  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$

c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 43 \\ -78 \end{bmatrix}$

b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$

d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

2.  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$

c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$

b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

3. Addition of matrices is \_\_\_\_\_.

a. Commutative

c. Distributive

b. Associative

d. All of the above

4. The additive identity of  $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

d.  $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

## Adding and Subtracting Matrices Assignment

5. The additive inverse of  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 \\ 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -6 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$                                       c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$                                       d.  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 \\ 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
6. If the order of A is  $3 \times 2$  and the order of B is  $2 \times 2$ , then the order of  $A+B$  will be \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.  $3 \times 2$                                       c.  $3 \times 3$   
 b.  $2 \times 2$                                       d. Doesn't exist
7. If  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} k \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $k =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. 4                                      c. 8  
 b. 6                                      d. 10
8. If  $\begin{bmatrix} m \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. 2                                      c. 6  
 b. 4                                      d. 8
9. If  $X + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $X =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$                                       c.  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$   
 b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$                                       d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

**Adding and Subtracting Matrices** Assignment

10.  $Y - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $Y =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$

c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 7 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$

b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$

d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

11. State whether the following statement is true or false.

a.  $A + B = A - B$  T/F

b.  $A + I = I + A = A$  T/F

c.  $A + 0 = 0 + A = A$  T/F

d.  $A + B = B + A$  T/F

e.  $A + (B + C) = (A + B) + C$  T/F

f.  $A - 0 = 0 - A$  T/F

**Adding and Subtracting Matrices** Assignment**ANSWERS:**

1.  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$

b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$

c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 43 \\ -78 \end{bmatrix}$

d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

2.  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$

b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$

d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

3. The addition of matrices is \_\_\_\_\_.

a. Commutative

b. Associative

c. **Distributive**

d. All of the above

4. The additive identity of  $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

d.  $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

**Adding and Subtracting Matrices** Assignment

5. The additive inverse of  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 \\ 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -6 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$
- b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- d.  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 \\ 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
6. If the order of A is  $3 \times 2$  and the order of B is  $2 \times 2$ , then the order of A+B will be \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.  $3 \times 2$
- b.  $2 \times 2$
- c.  $3 \times 3$
- d. Doesn't exist
7. If  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} k \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $k =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. 4
- b. 6
- c. 8
- d. 10
8. If  $\begin{bmatrix} m \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $m =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. 2
- b. 4
- c. 6
- d. 8
9. If  $X + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$  then  $X =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$
- b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$
- c.  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$
- d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

**Adding and Subtracting Matrices** Assignment

10.  $Y - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $Y =$ \_\_\_\_\_.

a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$

b.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$

c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 7 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$

d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

11. State whether the following statement is true or false.

a.  $A + B = A - B$

T/F

b.  $A + I = I + A = A$

T/F

c.  $A + 0 = 0 + A = A$

T/F

d.  $A + B = B + A$

T/F

e.  $A + (B + C) = (A + B) + C$

T/F

f.  $A - 0 = 0 - A$

T/F